### APPENDIX II

## 42-88-37 A

#### DOCUMENTATION OF RARE BIRD SIGHTINGS FOR THE COLORADO FIELD ORNITHOLOGISTS' RECORDS

	(Vernacular name); thryothorus Indovicianus (Scientific name)
and would Compilers cally soun from now	ch birds solely for your own enjoyment, a written description of vations is unnecessary. But, if you have seen something unusual, like to share this with others, a written description is essential. of regional bird lists must insist that their records be scientified; future bird students those studying occurrences 50 years - must have a written record on which to depend. By providing ing written description, you are employing a basic rule of the method.
this reque evidence w future. T	ze that experienced field observers can provide important and ecords, if supported by an adequate verifying description. Thus st is an effort to perpetuate your record by obtaining concrete hich may be permanently preserved for examination by others in the his procedure is required for every extraordinary observation, ve of the observer.
Dates (s):	9-02-88 Time Bird Seen: 4:00 P to 5:00 P
Locality:	Arkansas River Bridge, I mile south of Holly
	Promers County, Colorado Latilong # 21  Nearest town, county and state:
Optical eq	uipment: Zeise 8x30 & Bushnell 7x50 binoculars
If photogr	aphed, please enclose copy. Equipment used:
Number of	birds seen:   Sex: unknown Plumage: basic
Light cond	itions: Partly cloudy, good afternoon light.
Distance f	rom bird, and how measured: 10 feet estimate
Describe t	he bird's overall behavior: The bird began a rough, chattering on after an owl-tape was played to attract warblers. The chatinosly between perches on or near ground in heavy undergrow-he habitat in which you observed the bird:  bank of Arkansas River with heavy tangle of undergrowth of tamarisk, willows, fallen trees (mostly cottonwood saplings) and cattain
other obse	rvers who independently identified this bird (Please list name and
	n was seen by about 20 additional birders on 9-03-88 including
This ween	was seen by about 10 birders on 9-24-88 including
111.5	inos, Jerry Cairo, Sebastian Patti (Chicago, Illinois), Lloyd Moore (Kansas

#### APPENDIX 1I Continued

Describe in great detail the bird which you saw. Emphasize particularly the field marks used to identify the bird, but include a complete description of the bird. Include size, overall shape, plumage and color pattern; details on shape or size of bill, wings, and tail. (Reference to its resemblance to field guide descriptions is not enough). Describe what you actually saw in the field.

The bird in question was about sparrow sized but very plump and with a very short tail. Most notable field marks included the white eye stripe, with dark red cap, back, wings and tail. The breast and belly were a rich buffy color.

Describe the bird's calls or sounds, if heard; including method of delivery-i.e., from perch, in flight, etc.:

The chattering scold calls of the bird were delivered from various perches in heavy rover. The primary call was not heard but the wren did respond to a tape of Carolina Wren by scolding. List similar species and how you eliminated them:

Bewick's Ween is the only other similarly sized wren with a white supercilium. This bird was much too buffy to be a Bewick's and the distinctive scolding calls of a Bewick's awere absent in this bird.

Prior experience with this and similar species:

Have considerally experience with all North American wrens.

ame (print) :	Scott & Diane Seltman
ailing address:	RRI Box 36 Nekoma KS 67559

Return Form To:

CFO Records Committee c/o Curator--Zoological Collections Denver Museum of Natural History City Park Denver, CO 80205

# DOCUMENTATION OF RARE BIRD SIGHTINGS FOR THE COLORADO FIELD ORNITHOLOGISTS' RECORDS

Species: Caroling Wren ; Thryothorus ludovicianus (Vernacular name) (Scientific name)
If you watch birds solely for your own enjoyment, a written description of your observations is unnecessary. But, if you have seen something unusual, and would like to share this with others, a written description is essential. Compilers of regional bird lists must insist that their records be scientifically sound; future bird students those studying occurrences 50 years from now must have a written record on which to depend. By providing the verifying written description, you are employing a basic rule of the scientific method.
We recognize that experienced field observers can provide important and reliable records, if supported by an adequate verifying description. Thus this request is an effort to perpetuate your record by obtaining concrete evidence which may be permanently preserved for examination by others in the future. This procedure is required for every extraordinary observation, irrespective of the observer.
(on 5 dates)  Dates (s): 4 Sept-17 Dec 1988 Time Bird Seen: various to
Locality: along arhansas R,; south bank, Hwy 92 south of  Hally, Colo.  Nearest town, county and state:
Nearest town, county and state:
Optical equipment: 9x30 N; kon Binoco.
If photographed, please enclose copy. Equipment used:
Number of birds seen: / Sex: Plumage: adult.
Light conditions: Excellent, sun at back; low & high angles.
Distance from bird, and how measured: As close as 12/t (astimated) to 50ft.
Describe the bird's overall behavior: Very secretive. Responds to tape of Carolina When song (& pishing) by giving scolding call. approaches secretly, then hops into clear view at very close range — but always close to cover & eventual disappears back into tangle. Perches at angle on stems & trumbes.  Describe the habitat in which you observed the bird:  Riparion woodland. Loose canopy of cottonwoods but heavy riverside growth of bushes, shrubs and grasses.
address).
Vic Zerbi, Dan Bridges, others.

### APPENDIX 11 Continued

Describe in great detail the bird which you saw. Emphasize particularly the field marks used to identify the bird, but include a complete description of the bird. Include size, overall shape, plumage and color pattern; details on shape or size of bill, wings, and tail. (Reference to its resemblance to field guide descriptions is not enough). Describe what you actually saw in the field. Small size; ~4'2-5" long, with short tail, often cocked up, weathy Brown Thrasher). White chin & throat, nich pale brown to buff breast & belly with white undertail coverts. Undersides unmarked with strucks or bars. Wings indistinctly barred with fine blackish lines & w 2 wague white wingbars? Strong white super-ciliany extending back nearly to nape. Face dushy, whitish, with half white strucks and unmarked.  Describe the bird's calls or sounds, if heard; including method of delivery-lives rough scolded "churn" notes in response to taped Carolina Wren song. Also chips & "chuch" notes; no song.
List similar species and t
House was varied in dear to them:
House were barred underneath; lacks white wing bars, lacks
nusty cones.
Bewich When lacks wing bass white in la H D. + 1
March when, Sedal when blank house marribally, long-tailed.
Bewichs When lacks wing bars, white underneath, long-tailed.  March When, Sedge When blave barred backs, no wing bars.  Rock of Campon Whens lack white superciliar, wingbars; marked otherwise.  Prior experience with this and similar species:
Lawrent supercilian wintes
Prior experience with at
Prior experience with this and similar species:
I've seen just a few Carolina Wrens in Florida & Texas. I've seen all species of north american wrens.
all speries of the contraction when in Florida & legas. I've seen
all species of north american wrens
This report was written from notes made during afterobservation;
from memoryobservation;
Name (print): MARK JANOS
MARN JANOS
Mailing address: 1 CACTUS DR. LAJUNTA, CO 81050
- CACTUS DR. LA JUNTA CO SIDE-
The second secon
Signature: Marlepnos
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