COLORADO FIELD ORNITHOLOGISTS - SIGHT RECORD REPOR	because of the second
Species: PHILADELPHIA VIREO	Vireo philadelphicus
(Vernacular Name)	(Scientific Name-use binomial)
Date(s): May 13, 1975 Time Bird Locality: Barr Lake	Seen: 1:35 PM to 1:40 PM
Nearest Town: Brighton	County: Adams
Other observers who independently identified this NAME ADDRESS	TELEPHONE
Optical Equipment: 7 X 50 binoculars If photographed, type of equipment used: Light Conditions: sunny. The bird was shade during	the observation.
Distance from bird (how measured): minimum dist	ance of 35-40 feet
Number of Birds Seen: 1 Sex: ? Plum	nage:adult
Describe the bird's overall behavior and demeanor: A vireo feeding about 35 or so feet up in a cot slowly, allowing good looks at it.	

Describe in great detail the bird's size, overall shape, plumage and color-pattern. Include details on shape of bill, wings and tail. Give paticular emphasis to the marks you used to identify the bird. Reference to its resemblance in field guide descriptions is not enough. Describe what you actually saw in the field:

Clearly a vireo by its sluggish feeding behavior and its fairly short, heavy dark bill. Upperparts(crown, nape, back, wings, rump and tail)were olive-brown in color, with no markings such as stripes, wingbars, etc. A moderataly conspicuous pale yellow superciliarly line. A dark(black)area on the lores, becoming a thin blackish line through and slightly beyond the eye. Throat, breast and sides pale yellow(not a bright yellow, but uniformily yellow), fading to whitish on the belly, flanks and undertail coverts, even these areas(especially belly and flanks)with a yellowish suffusion. Describe the bird's song or call, if heard, including method of delivery, i.e., from perch, in flight, etc:

none.

Describe the habitat in which you observed this bird: Cottonwood woodland bordering a lake.

How were similarly appearing species eliminated?

Thickish bill and fairly slow, leisurely movements eliminated all bytvireos. Red-eyed Vireo-has no yellow on the underparts, has a gray crown bordered with black

and a white superciliarly line.

Warbling Vireo-most closely resembled this species. However the lores were black, Warbling always is white or at least pale in the lores. In addition, this bird was considerably yellower on the underparts and the superciliary line than the Warbling is. While Warbling Vireos often are yellowish, the color is generally concentrated on the flanks and sides, and not on the breast, throat and superciliarly line. A Warbling Vireo was in the same tree at the same time and was directly compared. All other vireos-have spectacles rather than superciliarly line.

Orange-crowned Warbler-the only warbler that could really be confused, it has a much thinner bill, more active behavior, dingier appearance with obscure breast streaks and yellow undertail coverts.

Prior experience with this and similarly appearing species:

I have seen the Philadelphia Vireo only once before(in Colorado, 9-14-71, this report also submitted to CFO). I am quite familiar with the Warbling Vireo and Orange-cr. Warbler, and also with the Red-eyed Vireo.

Books, illustrations and advice consulted and how did these influence this documentation? Peterson, Robbins consulted, and they supported my identification.

This report was written from notes made	e during x after observation; from memory
PRINT NAME: Robert Andrews	STENATURE Rahart Que a DATE O + OF 100
	Town and State: Denver, Colorado ZIP: 8022
Return to: JACK REDDALL - 4450 South AD	lton Street, Englewood, Colorado 80110