CFO-ORC-FILE# 1998-133

Vrec'd 12.98

COLORADO FIELD ORNITHOLOGISTS SIGHT RECORD FORM (attached to 2 (7-0)
PHOTOS, 2
Color
Necond 1998-161)

Results: ACCEPTED (7-0)

Species:

Worm-eating Warbler

Helmitheros vermovorus

5/3/98 Dates. Number of birds seen: one 2 Sex: alternate Plumage: Locality: Lamar Community College woods Elevation: about 4000 feet I think Nearest town: Lamar County: Prowers Time observed: not noted Duration of observation: not noted Other observers with you: Ric Olson, Bob Spencer, others I can't recall Other observers who saw the bird independently: Light conditions: not noted Optical equipment: Leica 10x42 Ultras; photo taken with Canon A2E using Sigma 400 APO MACRO lens Distance from bird: as close as 15 feet Describe the bird's behavior: it was on the ground a lot. sometimes was up to to 20 feet high in trees. Describe the bird (what you actually saw): wings: not noted back: solid olive or olive-green head: 2 crown stripes, 2 eye stripes - buffy in between. spike shaped bill underparts: warm buffy breast, legs pink tail: same color as back Describe the bird's song and call if heard: not noted Describe the habitat in which you observed the bird: somewhat open evergreen woods near a small creek How did you eliminate similarly appearing species: Swainson's Warbler: eliminated by buffy underparts, dark crown stripes and eye stripes What is you prior experience with this and similarly appearing species: Perhaps a dozen Worm-eating Warblers, no Swaison's Warblers. List books if they helped in your identification: Birds of North America (NGS) This report was written from notes taken during _x_, or after observation or from memory ____. I used a microcassette recorder to record my observations while I was observing the bird. I transcribed the tape to written notes within a day or two of observation and wrote this from the written notes on 10/25/98.

Reporting observer: David W. Quesenberry David Quesenberry Signature: David Quesenberry Address: 6254 S. Elmira Cir

Englewood, CO 80111

COLORADO RARE BIRD REPORT

WORM-EATING WARBLER Helmitheros vermivorus

Location: Lamar Community College grove/Willow Creek; Lamar; Prowers County, Colorado

Date: May 8-9, 1998

Background:

This bird was previously discovered during the C.F.O. convention and was seen by many on this day and the next, including Percival, Dickson, Olson, Quesenberry, Dunn and others. The area is a rather dense tangle of trees along a sheltered slough. On the 8th we found it about 8:40 a.m. and observed it for about 15 minutes; on the 9th for about 15 minutes at 8:15 a.m. It foraged about 5-20 feet high in the trees. It was somewhat vireo-like, probing leaves and sometimes acted like a nuthatch or chickadee, creeping or hanging sideways. I observed it with binoculars (B & L Elites, 10x42) at close range (20' - 50').

Description:

This bird was about 5" long. It was overall dull, brownish, with dark eyes, darkish bill and pinkish legs. This was a plain-colored, medium-sized warbler (about 5" long). Overall it was rather dingy, compact, plain, short-tailed and big-billed. It had a prominent mainly dark bill, that was large for a warbler, chisel-like and sharp. The upperparts (back, wings, rump and tail) were a plain, faint olive-brown. The undersides were lighter – plain tan. There were no wingbars. The face and throat were richly buff colored and lighter than the upperparts. There were dark lateral crown stripes and a dark superciliary. The crown stripes were separated by a buff central crown stripe and there was a buffy-colored superciliary.

Similar Species:

The slender shape and long, slender, pointed bill rule out sparrows. Vireos have heavy, slightly hooked bills. Warbling Vireo is chunkier, and lacks the head stripes. Philadelphia Vireo has yellow tones totally lacking in this bird and lacks the black head stripes. Tennessee Warbler is a smaller bird, has whiter underparts, a gray crown and lacks the head stripes. Orange-crowned Warbler lacks the crown stripes and is yellower below. Virginia's and Nashville warblers have yellow breasts and lack the head stripes. Female Black-throated Blue Warbler shows a whitish spot in the wing and lacks the crown stripes. Swainson's Warbler lacks the strong buff tones to the foreparts, has a vaguely rufous cap and possess a dark brown, not black, eyestripe.

Experience with Species:

I have seen Worm-eating Warblers four times before in Colorado. I have seen others, including many during spring migration on the Texas coast. I have seen all other similar birds discussed above.

This report is prepared from notes made soon after observation.

Marlans

Mark Janos 10 Sedum Ct. Pueblo, CO 81001

CFO-RC FILE #: 1998-133.

COLORADO FIELD ORNITHOLOGISTS SIGHT RECORD FORM

RESULTS :____

reid 5-10-981 PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE, ATTACH PHOTOGRAPHS AND ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY. SPECIES : WORN ZATING WARBLEF Helmitheros VERMIVORUS (COMMON NAME) (SCIENTIFIC NAME) DATE(S) OF OCCURRENCE: 5-3-98 NUMBER OF BIRDS SEEN : One SEX : ? PLUMAGE : BREDING ? EXACT LOCATION : Approx 50 y 2000 EAST of the South gate AT Limin Comm College Near the Lone Juniper TE. COUNTY: PROVERS NEAREST TOWN: LAMAR ELEVATION: 3200 LENGTH OF OBSERVATION : 5 MIN'S TIMES(S) OF OBSERVATION : - 10:00 AND (TIME NOT NOTED) OTHER OBSERVERS WHO INDEPENDENTLY SAW THE BIRD(S): GEORGE ARMEURTS DAVE QUESENBERRY BOB Spencer, Vic Zerie, Allow VERSAW, John & List Rowinski (spening?) LIGHT CONDITIONS [QUALITY; DIRECTION RELATIVE TO BIRD(S); POSITION] : - SHADE of overhead corranicoods . Sky CLEAR, High sur OPTICAL EQUIPMENT USED : ZIESS NA HO DISTANCE FROM BIRD (ESTIMATED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED): 35 - 50 FEET WAS THE BIRD PHOTOGRAPHED : YES IF SO, HAVE YOU SUBMITTED PHOTOS? NO WHO TOOK THE PHOTOGRAPHS? DAVE QUESEN BERRY DESCRIBE THE GENERAL AND SPECIFIC HABITAT IN WHICH THE BIRD(S) OCCURRED : GENERAL - RIVER RipARIAN Specific - UN OBECUSER - 3.4 Mich GRASS with BROKEN Limbs of automicods; ONE Longe JUNIPER TREE-DENTS BROM GRAVEL, Wildly Spece Cottoniucod (No Low BRANCIES) DESCRIBE THE BIRD'S BEHAVIOR (FLYING; FEEDING; HABITS; BEHAVIORS USED IN IDENTIFYING THE SPECIES OR IN SUPPORTING THE IDENTIFICATION. The Bird was 15 Noticed on the ground on A Broken Limb walking on \$ off the buril. It then flew to A BE more DEnse clump of BRANCLes (Appeared to be heling) ABOUT 2 Fast of the oppound. Then daupped down to the DASE of the Benches for Awhile. It that flee to the juniper (3 feet of ground) than brek to the Oligipial beginch on the ground. Then it flew to A SHORT DEAD GRACH ON

A Near by Cottoi wood there (8 fect off the ground). At THIS point DAVE QUESENDERY STRETED to Take pictures of the bird. It slowly workers its way South & WEST INTO the more open cottoiwood AREA with DAVE pulsueing it for pictures. DESCRIBE THE BIRD IN DETAIL. THIS IS THE MOST IMPORTANT PART OF THIS REPORT. INCLUDE OVERALL SIZE AND SHAPE, AND HOW YOU PLACED THE BIRD IN THE GENERAL GROUP THAT YOU DID. GIVE COMPLETE DETAILS OF PLUMAGE, INCLUDING HEAD, THROAT, UNDERSIDES, NAPE, BACK, WINGS, AND TAIL. GIVE PARTICULAR EMPHASIS TO MARKS YOU USED TO IDENTIFY THE BIRD(S). DESCRIBE OTHER DETAILS, SUCH AS COLOR AND SHAPE OF BILL, LEGS, EYE, ETC. THAT WERE IMPORTANT IN MAKING THE IDENTIFICATION. (FILL OUT THIS PORTION EVEN IF PHOTOGRAPHS ARE SUBMITTED; YOU MAY ATTACH ADDITIONAL SHEETS, DRAWINGS, FIELD SKETCHES, OR COPY OF FIELD NOTES); SMAIL - NERWAY BIRD THAT WOULD IT STILL, IT APPENDED SMEWLAR FAIL STAFFED & NERVEL BALL STAFFED

HEAD - CENTRAL CROWN STRIPE - Buffy-yeilow to NAPE Lateral CRUM STRIPES - BROWN/BLACK to NAPE Supercillium STRIPES - Bully -VENOW to NAPE - Slightly DARKER HUMS CONTRAL CROWN STRIPO LORES & EVE STRIPES - BROWNI BLACK to NAPE ThROAT - Buffy -YEIIOW Some what gRAY & Diety Looking with out spots or STREAKing NAPE BROWNISh OTHE GREEN BODY - BREAST, BEILY - Buffy - YELLOW / white (lighter than through a UNDER TAil CONERTS UNDER TAIL COVERTS - DIRTY Buffy YEIDW becoming BROWNISH dive GREEN MATCH ODER & TAIL NAPE BACK, upper Tail coverts - BROWNISh dive FREEN TAil - BROWNISH Olive GREEN with out spots WINGS - BROWNISH Olive PREEN with out BARS or MARKINGS Bill - PALE TAN - Lighter MANDIGLE - This but Appear Long for heads Soft PARTS Eyes - BLACK Lags - Pink - (Bubbleque pink) DISCUSS SIMILAR SPECIES AND HOW YOU ELIMINATED THEM : BRO WAS IN FIRTLY IDENTIFIED AS AN OVENBIRD HOWEVER BY NO EYERING, BUCAST WAS CLEAR CROCK SPECIES LORON PATTERN Le Canté's Spar Row - Br Bill to thin 2 long-, unitim cullor to Back things, TAil No STREAKing on Filtures WHAT IS YOUR PRIOR EXPERIENCE WITH THIS AND SIMILARL APPEARING SPECIES? LITTLE EXPERIENCE WITH WORM EATing (4 REGIOS), MODERATE EXPERIENCE WITH OUCH BIRD & LECONTES SPANIOUS LIST BOOKS, GUIDES, RECORDINGS, OR OTHER SOURCES CONSULTED AND HOW

LIST BOOKS, GUIDES, RECORDINGS, OR OTHER SOURCES CONSULTED AND HOW THIS INFLUENCED YOUR IDENTIFICATION (DURING AND AFTER OBSERVATION): $NAT. 6co 2^{rc} zd$ Brook f N.A.

THIS REPORT WAS MADE FROM NOTES MADE DURING \underline{X} OR AFTER _____ OBSERVATION, OR LATER FROM MEMORY _____. DATE OF WRITTEN REPORT : $\underline{5-4-98}$ REPORTING OBSERVER : $\underline{Ric} \ \underline{Olson}$ SIGNATURE : \underline{ROL} SEND REPORT TO : MARK JANOS, 10 SEDUM COURT, PUEBLO, CO 81001 $\underline{9450} \ N \ \underline{HEATHER} \ \underline{On}$ $\underline{C45Thc} \ \underline{Rock} \ \underline{C3} \ \underline{80107}$ $\underline{303770 7753}$



Worm-eating Warbler Lamar Community College 5/3/98