

JR
5/17/23

VERIFYING DOCUMENTATION OF AN UNUSUAL RECORD

1. Species: Wood Thrush | Hylocichla Mustelina 2. Number: 1
 (Vernacular Name) (Scientific Name)
3. Location: 106 1/2 East Hill St - Grand Junction, Colo. 81501
4. Date(s): Sept. 13, '72
Sept. 18, '72
5. Time bird seen: 9 AM to noon
6. Description of size, shape and color-pattern. (Describe in great detail all parts of the plumage including beak and feet coloration in addition to the diagnostic characteristics; however, include only what actually was seen in the field):
 As seen in the field the bird had large round breast spots over breast - completely covering it & stretching the length of the flanks - larger than the Hermit Thrush which I am very familiar with. Sharp bill - white eyes - ring - bright colored yellowish legs - Only once did I see a brownish cast on the head & back - The bird did fly up in a bush but the bark was not brown in this light ^{dark} & it was ^{gray} -
7. Description of voice, if heard: no voice was heard -
8. Description of behavior: The bird was eating berries of catnaster that had fallen to the ground - also honeysuckle bush berries low to the ground -
9. Habitat--general: Colorado River Valley - just at the edge of the pine zone - specific:
10. Similarly appearing species which are eliminated 6, 7 and 8 above; Explain: I am familiar with Swainson's Thrush which I eliminated because this bird had such a heavily spotted breast -
11. Distance (how measured?): 20'-25' by the eye -
12. Optical equipment: Waton 7x35 7.3' - J87
13. Light (sky, light on bird, position of sun in relation to bird and observer): Sunny day but the bird was mostly feeding under the shrubs - indirect light -
14. Previous experience with this species and similarly appearing species: no previous experience -
15. What made you think this species was unusual or rare? - The extremely heavy spotting on the breast -
16. Other observers: Mrs. Charles Tregler (Helen)
17. Did others agree with your identification? Yes.
18. Other observers who independently identified this bird: No others -
19. Books, illustrations and advice consulted and how did these influence this documentation: Roger Tory Peterson, Field Guide to Western Birds.
 Birds of North America - Chandler Robbins, Bruno Zim -
 Life History of N. Amer. Thrushes by Storer - Bent
20. If bird was photographed, please attach pictures and describe equipment used:
Hand book of birds of the Western U.S. - Bruce Munro Bailey

Signature

Date Prepared: Lucy F. Elie City and State: 106 1/2 East Hill St,
Grand Junction, Colo. 81501
 (USE THE REVERSE, OR ADDITIONAL PAGES, IF NECESSARY)

Dear Mr. Ringgold:

I tried to get Lorna Gustafson on the phone the other day & help identify this bird but she was not at home. Helen Trangoor is a reliable bird observer. The bird was very accommodating & let us watch for a long time while he ate under the bushes. Anyways -
468 of Florence Muriel Bailey's book it says "Upper Parts and cheeks dark gray. Migrant in Rocky Mountains". We wondered if this might be a female in full plumage. It did not have brown on the head. Bailey's book is now out of print. She gives very full descriptions of birds & their habits. My edition is 1935. I do not remember detailed description of the cheeks of the bird. Whatever the bird was, it was interesting & very different & the first thing you noted without binoculars was the heavily spotted breast - big spots -

A young man from the East (where the Wood Thrush is common) discussed the bird with me. He did not see it but said it couldn't possibly be a Wood Thrush if there was no brown on the head -

Very sincerely -

Lucy F. Els-

We are having more birds at the feeders than usual. The snow is deep on ground where & they have come down to the Valley. I have never had in my yard before this week - the Steller Jay - Clark's Nutcracker & Scrub Jay - ^{Also} dozens of White Grosbeaks - all three species of juncos, Cassin's & House Finches. Nat. Chickadee - Rusty Cased and Kinglets - Bewicks wren - They are eating me out of house & home -